

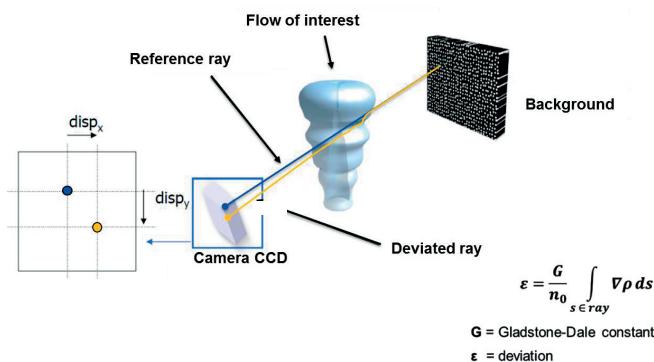
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Motivation

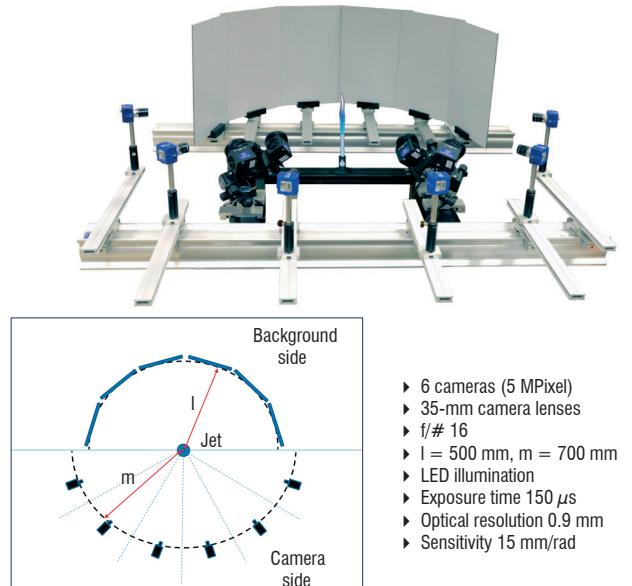
- Development of Tomo-BOS reconstruction of instantaneous flows from a synchronized multi-camera setup
- Tomographic reconstruction from a limited number of Background Oriented Schlieren images using only 6 synchronized cameras with LED illumination
- Applied to heated air jets and Bunsen flames

BOS technique

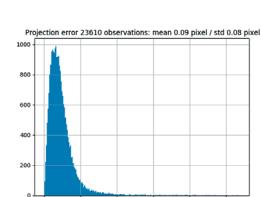
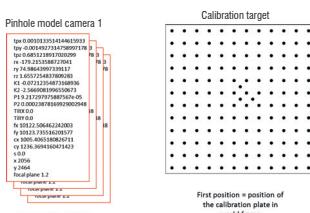


- BOS (Background Oriented Schlieren) is an emerging technique for quantitative measurement of density gradients, which allows 3D density field reconstruction
- Due to the line-of-sight characteristic of the BOS technique, the measurement of the density gradient of an arbitrary flow field requires:
 - synchronized acquisition from multiple views
 - 3D reconstruction based on the Algebraic Reconstruction Technique (ART)

Experimental setup

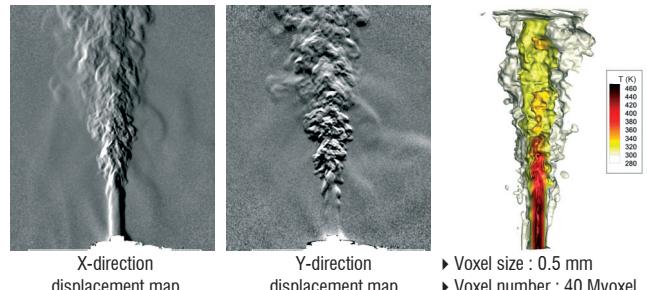


- BOS cameras are positioned around the object in a semi-circle
- Requires accurate geometrical calibration of the multi-camera system using a pinhole model

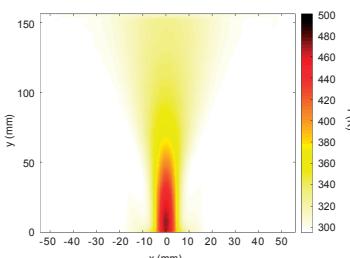


Application to heated air jet

- Nozzle inner diameter d = 9 mm
- T_i = 500 K (sensor close to heating elements ~10d upstream)
- Instantaneous realization

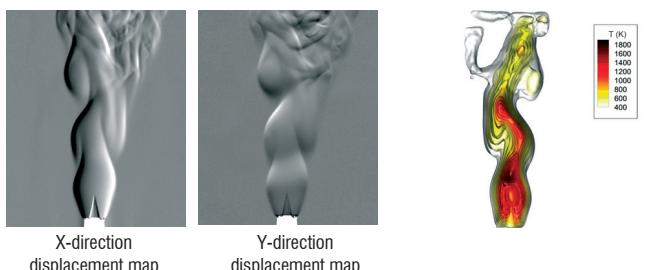


- Average temperature of center plane from 400 instantaneous reconstructions

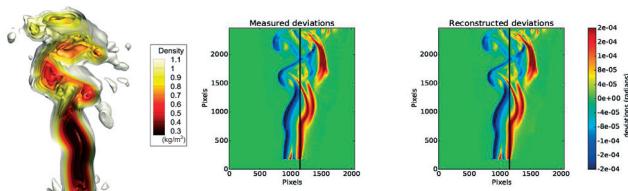


Application to combustion flows

- Premixed propane/air Bunsen flame



- Partially-premixed propane/air Bunsen flame



Summary

- Tomographic reconstruction obtained with only 6 synchronized cameras
- Measurement of instantaneous and average 3D temperature field in heated air jet
- Reconstruction technique applied to different Bunsen flames

Reference

Nicolas F., Todoroff V., Plyer A., Le Besnerais G., Donjat D., Micheli F., Cornic P., and Le Sant Y. A direct approach for instantaneous 3D density field reconstruction from background-oriented schlieren (BOS) measurements. *Experiments in Fluids*, 57(1):1–21, 2016